

# Acadiana 500 Annual Tricycle Race



## Fast Pedal Engineers

Andre Signoret

Team Leader & Computational Director  
Department of Mechanical Engineering  
University of Louisiana at Lafayette  
C00487417

Katie Kaliszeski

Finance Director & Testing Director  
Department of Mechanical  
Engineering  
University of Louisiana at Lafayette  
C00437794

Matthew Dubea

Communications and Fab. Director  
Department of Mechanical Engineering  
University of Louisiana at Lafayette  
C00116021

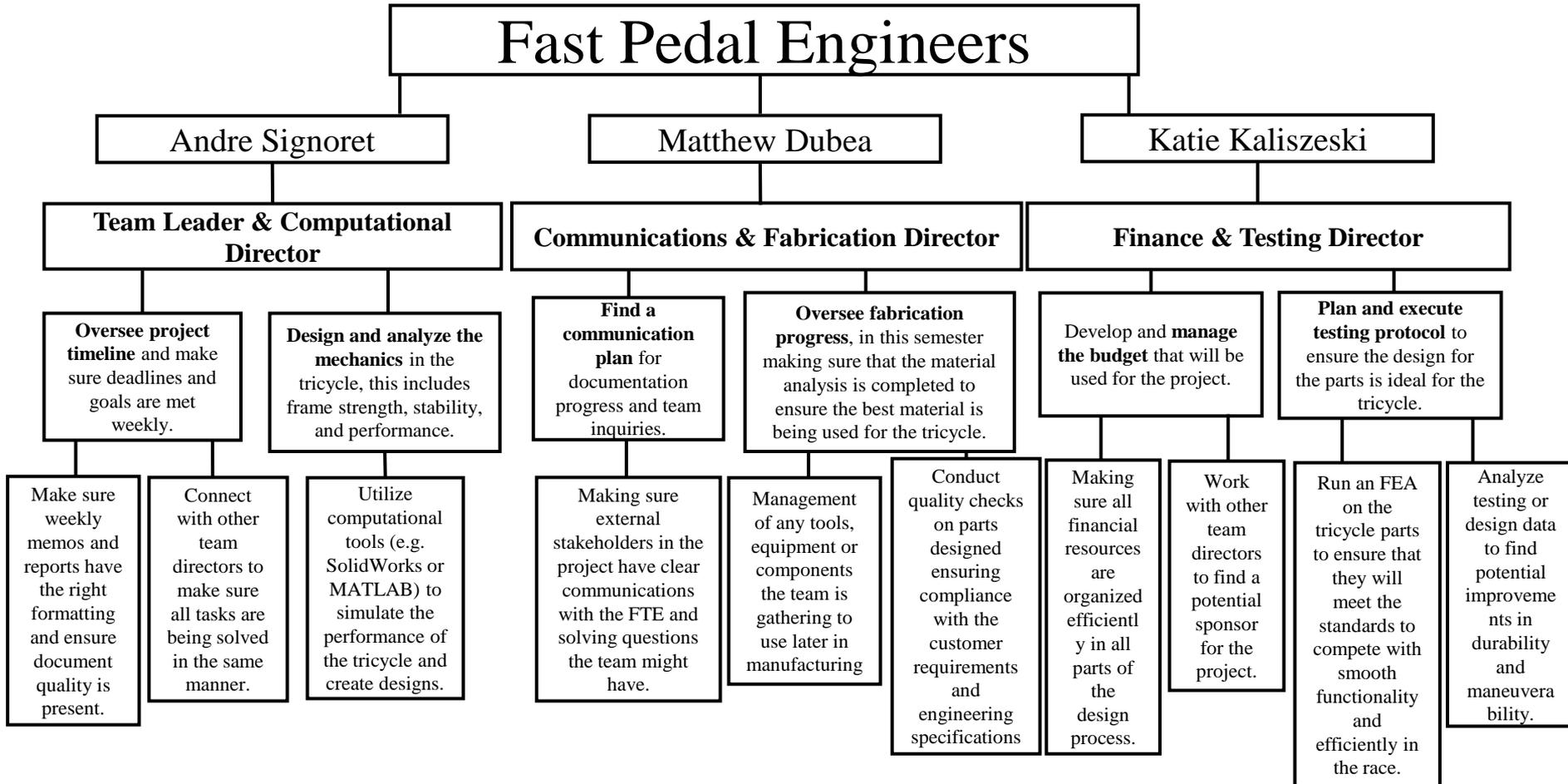
Dr. Yonas Niguse

Faculty Advisor  
Department of Mechanical Engineering  
University of Louisiana at Lafayette

Mrs. Hanna Pellerin

Event Coordinator  
Acadiana 500 Tricycle Race  
Metal Shark Boats

# Organizational Structure



# What is Acadiana 500 ?

- **Acadiana 500 Tricycle Race**
  - Annual race - New Iberia City Park
    - Founded in the 1980's
    - 40 year hiatus – started back up 2024, 2025
  - Teams of 8 - design and build a tricycle
  - Teams then relay race in a circuit



*Figure 1:* Acadiana 500  
Tricycle Race Flyer



*Figure 2:* 2025 Acadiana 500 Race

# Requirements

## Objective:

- Design and build a tricycle - safe, strong, fast, light weight, and that meets all dimensional limits
- Rules and penalties:
  - Maintain constant motion
  - Penalty - transition zones
  - Handicap (based on age)

#	Acadiana 500 Rule / Constraint	Dimensional Limit (in)
1	Seat-top height (ground → top, padded)	22–24 or $\leq 25$ (padded)
2	Highest point on tricycle	$\leq 32$
3	Handlebar & rear-axle width	$\leq 20$ end-to-end
4	Crank-arm radius	$\leq 4$
5	Outside pedal-to-pedal span	$\leq 24$
6	Front-wheel center → outer pedal tip	$\leq 12$
7	Max pedal envelope (height $\times$ width)	$\leq 6 \times \leq 6$
8	Rear-axle track / overall trike width	17–20
9	Wheelbase	$\leq 24$
10	Front-wheel diameter	$\leq 20$
11	Propulsion method	No gears, motors, or chains
12	Braking	Foot-drag only in transitions



## ACADIANA 500 TRICYCLE RACE



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

### TRICYCLE SPECIFICATIONS

1. Pneumatic tires acceptable.
2. Coasters acceptable.
3. No gears or chains.
4. No motors.
5. Padding on seat is allowed.
6. Pedals must be on front wheel axle.

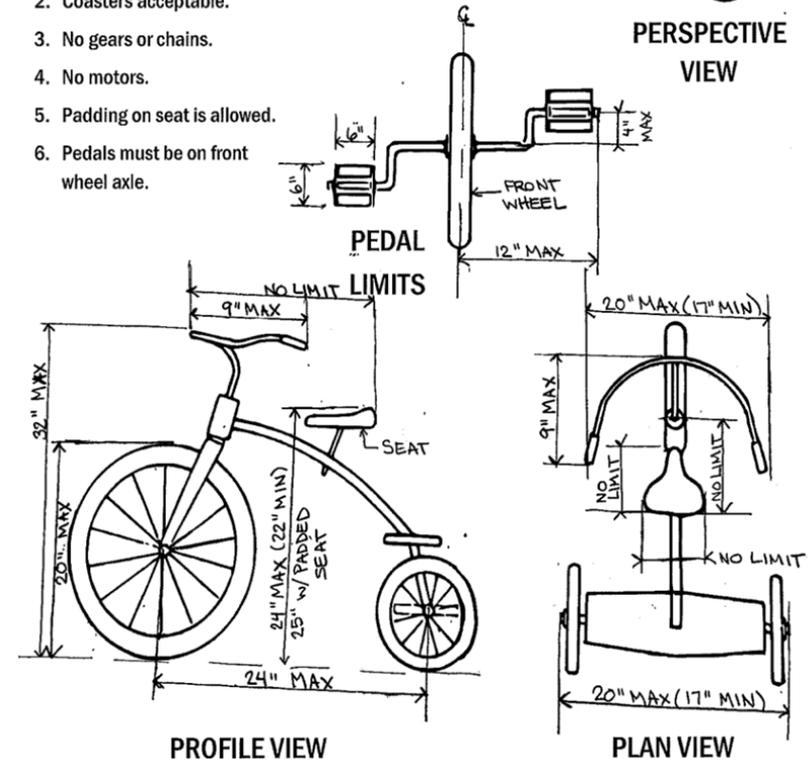


Figure 4: Acadiana 500 Tricycle Specifications

# Concept Generation



*Figure 5:* Design Iteration 1



*Figure 6:* Design Iteration 2



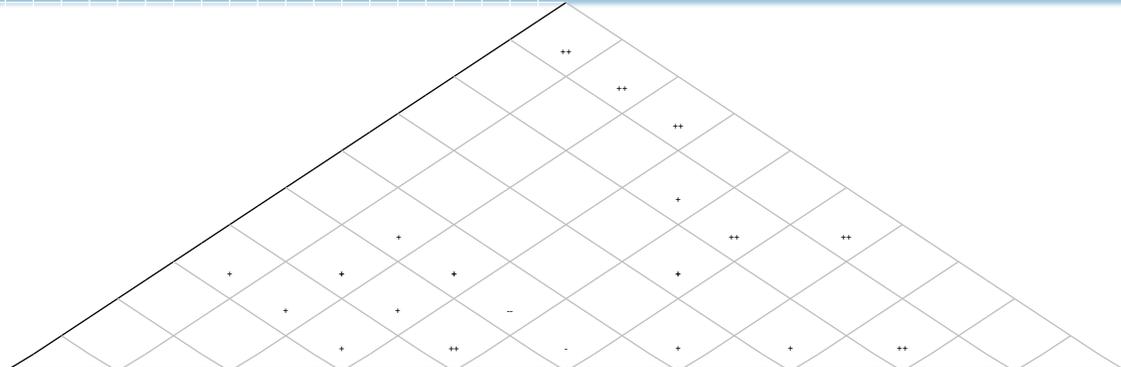
*Figure 7:* Design Iteration 3



*Figure 8:* Actual Tricycle

# Concept Selection

- House of Quality



Importance	Customer Requirements	Engineering Characteristics	Overall Width, Length, Height (in)	Total Weight (lb)	Seat Height Adjustability (in)	Frame Yield Strength (psi)	Axle Stress at Max Load (psi)	Factor of Safety (FoS)	Assembly Time (hrs)	Durability / Axle Stress at Max Load (psi)	Rolling Resistance (lbf)	Total Manufacturing Cost (\$)
			10	Ensure rider safety under all conditions	□	△	△	●	□	●	●	●
9	Stable and responsive steering			△			●	●	△	●		
10	Allow constant movement						●		□	●	□	
8	Pneumatic tires for shock absorbance						●	●		●	●	△
8	Coaster use in front assembly							●				
10	Front wheel pedal drive											△
10	No motors, chains, or gears											
10	Achieve constant high speeds and good acceleration				□					□	●	
9	Ergonomic seating and rider comfortability	△			●			●				
10	Maintain dimensions: ≤20" wide, ≤24" long, ≤32" high	●							●			
10	Seat height ≤ 25" (W/ Padding)	●		●				●			△	□
10	Supporting variety of rider weights and sizes	□							●			□
8	Assembly time								●			
10	Stress withstanding capability			△		●	□	●		□		
10	User friendly operation			●								
8	Minimize design weight	△		●					●			△
7	Minimal cost								●			
10	Meet intended functional and operational objectives	□			□	□	△		●	△	●	□

●	Strong	
□	Medium	
△	Weak	

▲	Maximize	
▼	Minimize	
x	Target	

++	Strong Positive	
+	Positive	
-	Negative	
--	Strong Negative	

# Concept Selection

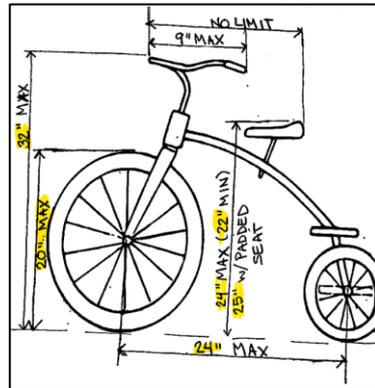
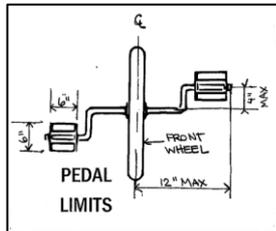
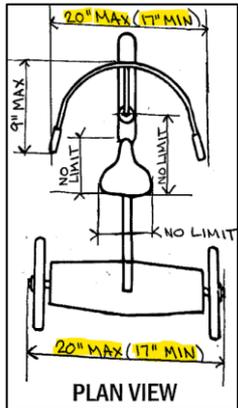
Evaluation matrix

Importance	Customer Requirements				
		10	Ensure rider safety under all conditions	9	7
9	Stable and responsive steering	9	7	6	10
10	Allow constant movement	10	9	9	9
8	Pneumatic tires for shock absorbance	9	8	7	9
8	Coaster use in front assembly	8	3	7	9
10	Front wheel pedal drive	10	10	10	10
10	No motors, chains, or gears	10	10	10	10
10	Achieve constant high speeds and good acceleration	9	7	8	8
9	Ergonomic seating and rider comfortability	7	9	9	9
10	Maintain dimensins: ≤20" wide, ≤24" long, ≤32" high	8	7	7	10
10	Seat height ≤ 25" (W/ Padding)	9	8	7	10
10	Supporting variety of rider weights and sizes	8	6	8	9
8	Assembly time	8	9	7	7
10	Stress withstanding capability	9	6	9	9
10	User friendly operation	10	8	8	9
8	Minimize design weight	9	6	8	9
7	Minimal cost	5	7	7	8
10	Meet intended functional and operational objectives	9	7	8	10
<b>Total</b>		1461	1251	1346	1529
<b>Relative Total = Total/Number of Criteria</b>		0.81	0.70	0.75	0.85

# Final Design



Figure 9: Final Tricycle Design Drawing



#	Acadiana 500 Rule / Constraint	Dimensional Specification (in)	FPE Design (in)
1	Seat-top height (ground → top, padded)	22–24 or $\leq 25$ (padded)	<b>23–24.2 (pad)</b>
2	Highest point on tricycle	$\leq 32$	<b>31.5</b>
3	Handlebar & rear-axle width	$\leq 20$	<b>19.75</b>
4	Crank-arm radius	$\leq 4$	4
5	Outside pedal-to-pedal span	$\leq 24$	17.5
6	Front-wheel center → outer pedal tip	$\leq 12$	<b>8.75</b>
7	Max pedal envelope (height × width)	$\leq 6 \times \leq 6$	<b>4 × 5</b>
8	Rear-axle track / overall trike width	17–20	<b>19.7</b>
9	Wheelbase	$\leq 24$	<b>23.75</b>
10	Front-wheel diameter	$\leq 20$	<b>20</b>

# Material Selection



Figure 10: SolidWorks of Reused Parts (post modification)

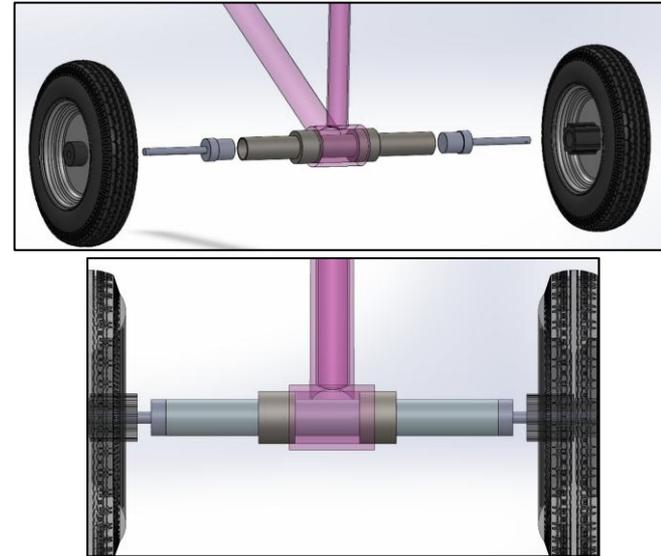


Figure 11: Rear Axle Sub Assembly

Component(s)	Material	Ultimate Tensile Strength (psi)	Yield Strength (psi)	Machinability	Weldability	Density (lb/in <sup>3</sup> )	Weight Ratio
Frame, Fork, Stem, Handlebars	AISI 1020 Steel	60900	50800	65%	Excellent	0.284	<b>37.14%</b>
Rear Axle Center Tube	AISI 4130 Steel	81200	66700	72%	Very good	0.284	8.57%
Rear Axle Center Bushings	AISI 1018 Steel	63800	53800	78%	Excellent	0.284	0.86%
Rear Axle Stub (Wheel Bushing)	AISI 4140 Steel (Heat Treated)	<b>148000</b>	95000	77%	Moderate	0.284	1.43%
Spacers	UNS C36000 Brass	55100	44200	<b>100%</b>	Not welded in design	0.307	0.46%
Fasteners, Bolts	SAE J429 Grade 5 Steel	<b>120000</b>	92000	65%	Not welded in design	0.284	0.71%

# Analytical Calculations

1. To determine the angle at which the tricycle tips over, the following formula is used:

$$\theta_{\text{tip}} = \arctan\left(\frac{\text{Rear Width}}{\text{CoG Height}}\right) = \arctan\left(\frac{19.5}{23}\right) \approx \mathbf{22.98^\circ}$$

The tricycle can lean up to **22.98°** before tipping occurs.

2. To calculate the total mass of the tricycle and rider combined, we use the formula:

$$m = \frac{\text{weight}}{\text{gravity}} = \frac{204.5 \text{ lbs}}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2} = \mathbf{6.356 \text{ slugs or } 42.15 \text{ kg}}$$

Where:

- Total Weight = **204.5** lbs (Tricycle: 34–35 lbs, Rider: 170 lbs)
- Gravity = **32.2** ft/s<sup>2</sup>
- The combined mass of the tricycle and rider is 6.36 slugs (42.15 kg).

Cross-sectional **Area** =  $A = \pi r^2$ , with the **seat post** at a diameter of 2 cm ( $r=0.39\text{in}=1\text{cm}$ )

$$A = \pi(1^2) = 3.1416 \text{ cm}^2 = \mathbf{3.1416 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2}$$

Now calculate the applied stress:

$$\sigma = \frac{A}{F} = \frac{850}{3.1416 \times 10^{-4}} = 2.71 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa} = \mathbf{2.71 \text{ MPa}}$$

Assuming a uniaxial stress, the Von Mises stress will be the same:

$$\sigma_{VM} = \mathbf{2.71 \text{ MPa}}$$

3. **Max Stress (Von Mises)**: The Von Mises stress is used to predict the yielding of materials under loading conditions.

- Max Stress from FEA: **2.795e08 N/m<sup>2</sup>**
- The material used for the frame has a yield strength of **6.204e08 N/m<sup>2</sup>**.

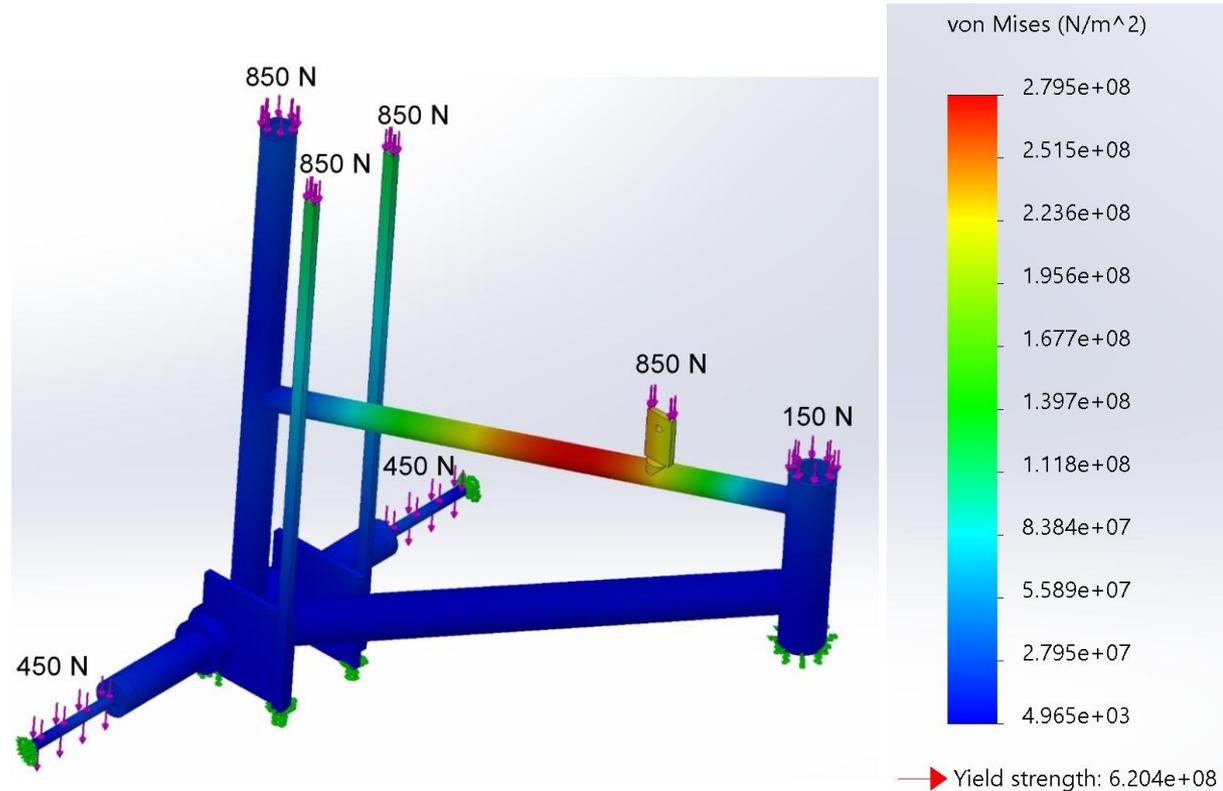
4. The **Factor of Safety (FoS)** is a measure of how much stronger the material is compared to the max expected load. The factor of safety is calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{FoS} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{yield of material}}}{\sigma_{\text{VonMisesStress}}} = \frac{6.204 \times 10^8}{2.795 \times 10^8} = \mathbf{2.22}$$

The **FoS = 2.22**; the frame can withstand 2.22 times the max stress calculated by the FEA. This confirms that the frame is structurally safe.

# FEA & Stress Analysis

- **Input Forces (FEA):**
  1. Seat Post: 850 N
  2. Rear Axles (2): 450 N
  3. Handlebar: 150 N
- **Von Misses Stress (FEA):**
  - Maximum Stress:  $2.795e08$  Pa
- **Frame Failure?**
  - Maximum Stress Comparison:  
 $6.204e08$  Pa  $\gg$   $2.795e08$  Pa



*Figure 12:* FEA Analysis on Frame

The maximum Von Mises stress is smaller than the yield strength, so **the frame will not fail under this loading condition.**

## Processes used during manufacturing & assembly:

- **TIG Welding:**Used in **frame and seat support rails** for precision and strength.
- **CNC Machining:** Machined **rear axle sleeve, stem extension, and seat anchor points** to ensure tight tolerances and a precise fit.
- **Lathe & Press:**The **rear axle bushings and brass spacers** were fabricated on a lathe and press to ensure proper alignment and durability.



Figure 13: Final Design Exploded View

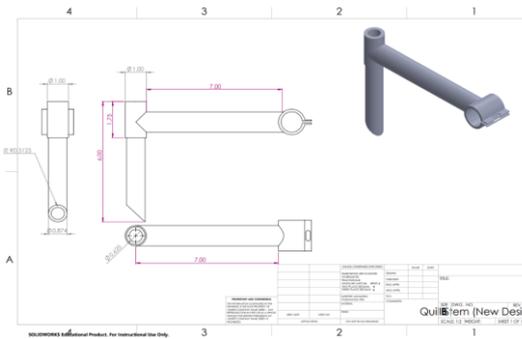


Figure 14: Quill Stem

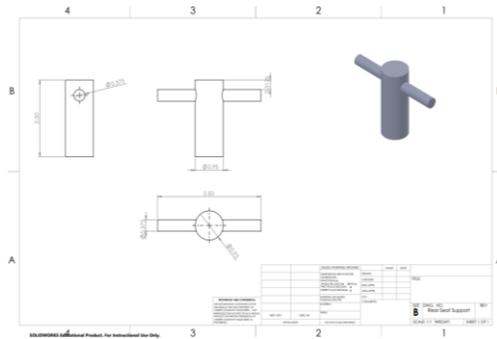


Figure 15: Rear Seat Support

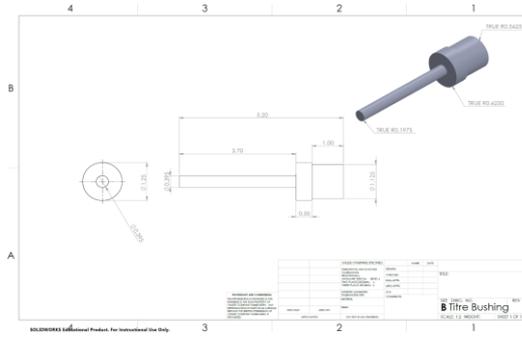


Figure 16: Rear Axle Tire Bushing

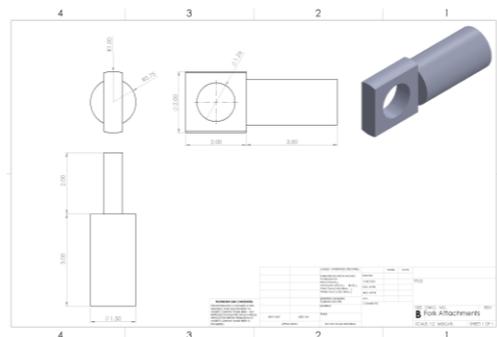


Figure 17: Front Fork Attachment

# Testing

## Track information:

- Length: 0.66 miles
- 8 Transition zones (30 ft)

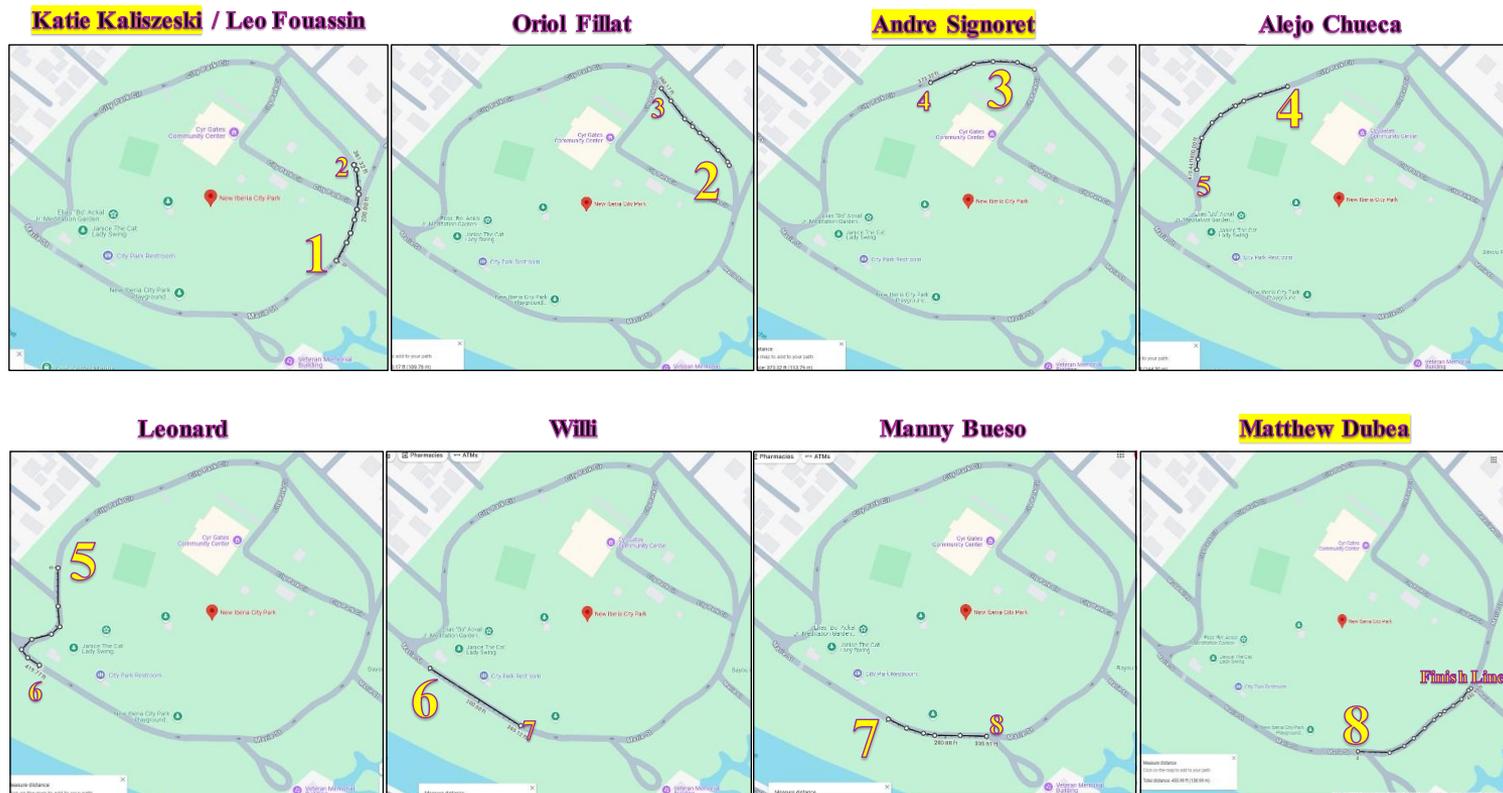


Figure 18: Acadiana 500 Tricycle Track

# Gantt Chart

## Phase 1 (Fall 2024)

Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Finalize group, established team name, and assigned roles for all members	Completed									
Establish means of communication	Completed									
Meet with Hanna Pellerin		Completed		Completed				Completed		Completed
<b>Research on tricycle designs, best materials to utilize, and how wheels size impacts acceleration, stability, and top speeds</b>		In-Progress	Completed							
Rough draft for a parts list			In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed					
Team meeting		Completed		Completed		Completed		Completed	Completed	
Receive SolidWorks Weld course				Completed						
Sketch front tire to add to assembly				In-Progress	Completed					
Create table to show optimal dimensions for tricycle performance					In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed			
Design development on front axle of tricycle created on SolidWorks				In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed			
Finalize parts in SolidWorks (create assembly)					In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed		
Find sponsor								Completed		
Perform FEA analysis on SolidWorks						In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed	
<b>Finalize each design</b>										Completed

Color Key	
Completed	Completed
In-Progress	In-Progress
Phase 1 (Fall 2024)	Phase 1 (Fall 2024)
Phase 2 (Spring 2025)	Phase 2 (Spring 2025)
Racing Week	Racing Week

## Phase 2 (Spring 2025)

Week	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Meet with Hanna Pellerin to discuss phase 2 plan	Completed															
Source all parts to order		In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed												
Verify all parts being ordered with Hanna Pellerin				Completed												
<b>Purchase all unmanufacturable materials</b>				Completed												
<b>Meet with Mr. Jeff to discuss required manufactured parts and machining process</b>				Completed	Completed											
Create new parts, using SolidWorks, necessary for updates to be made to tricycle model					In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed								
<b>Create new SolidWorks drawing of edited tricycle design</b>						In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed								
Meet with Mr. Jeff to manufacture parts							Completed	Completed	Completed							
<b>Perform FEA on SolidWorks design</b>									Completed							
Participate in local news interview								Completed								
Drive to New Iberia to visit location of race										Completed						
Finalize all manufactured parts with Mr. Jeff									Completed							
Work on final presentation, poster, & report												In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed
Practice riding tricycle at race location												Completed	Completed	Completed		
Make any necessary adjustments before the event													In-Progress	Completed		
Final meeting with Hanna Pellerin to give final update														Completed		
<b>Prepare for final race</b>															Completed	
Race in final event!																Completed

# Gantt Chart Summarized by Major Achievements



Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Finalize group, establish team name, and assigned roles for all members	Completed																									
Research on tricycle designs, best materials to utilize, and how wheels size impacts acceleration, stability, and top speeds		In-Progress	Completed																							
Sketch front tire to add to assembly				In-Progress	Completed																					
Design development on front axle of tricycle created on SolidWorks				In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed																			
Finalize parts in SolidWorks (create assembly)					In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed																		
Find sponsor								Completed																		
Perform FEA analysis on SolidWorks						In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed																	
<b>Finalize each design</b>										Completed																
Purchase all unmanufacturable materials														Completed												
Create new parts, using SolidWorks, necessary for updates to be made to tricycle model															In-Progress	In-Progress	In-Progress	Completed								
Meet with Mr. Jeff to manufacture parts																	Completed	Completed	Completed							
<b>Perform FEA on SolidWorks design</b>																			Completed							
Participate in local news interview																		Completed								
<b>Finalize all manufactured parts with Mr. Jeff</b>																			Completed							
Practice riding tricycle at race location																						Completed	Completed	Completed		
Race in final event!																									Completed	

Color Key	
Completed	Completed
In-Progress	In-Progress
Phase 1 (Fall 2024)	Phase 1 (Fall 2024)
Phase 2 (Spring 2025)	Phase 2 (Spring 2025)
Racing Week	Racing Week

16

# Results

Round	Team	Time	Penalties	Final Time
Qualifier 1	<b>Fast Pedal ULL</b>	<b>3.41.87</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3.41.87</b>
	Baby Sharks	3.35.17	.10	3.45.17
	Gym Class Heros	3.45.43	0	3.45.43
	The Loan Rangers	3.36.08	.10	3.46.08
	Baits Motel	3.46.63	.10	3.56.63
	Heavy Metal Sharks	3.50.38	.20	4.10.38
	Pedal Pushers	4.15.63	.20	4.35.63
	Amped Up	4.18.37	.30	4.48.37
Pecan Peddlers	4.40.79	.50	5.30.79	

Round	Team	Time	Penalties	Final Time
Qualifier 2	<b>Fast Pedal ULL</b>	<b>3.38.03</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3.38.03</b>
	The Loan Rangers	3.35.25	.10	3.45.25
	Gym Class Heros	4.01.79	0	4.01.79
	Baby Sharks	3.40.87	.30	4.10.87
	Baits Motel	3.52.60	.20	4.12.60
	They see Me Rolling	3.58.15	.20	4.18.15
	Heavy Metal Sharks	3.49.58	.30	4.19.58
	Amped Up	4.07.83	.30	4.37.83
	Pedal Pushers	4.28.22	.30	4.58.22

Round	Team	Time	Penalties	Final Time
Semi-Final	<b>Fast Pedal ULL</b>	<b>3.33.00</b>	<b>.20</b>	<b>3.53.00</b>
	Baby Sharks	3.46.20	.10	3.56.20
	Heavy Metal Sharks	3.48.93	.10	3.58.93
	Baits Motel	3.51.69	.10	4.01.69
	The Loan Rangers	3.42.07	.20	4.02.07
	They see Me Rolling	3.53.15	.20	4.13.15

Round	Team	Time	Penalties	Final Time
Final	<b>Fast Pedal ULL</b>	<b>3.31.17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3.31.17</b>
	Heavy Metal Sharks	3.48.36	.20	4.08.36

- **1st place**
  - Winning time: 3 min 31 s (won all races)
  - Least amount of penalties received
  - Fastest track time of the day
  - Completed 4/5 races without any penalties
  - Average team speed: 11.3 mph



*Figure 19: FPE Trophy Ceremony*

# Bill of Materials

## Purchased Components — Cost and Source Summary

	Item / Sub-assembly	Qty	Material	Cost (\$)	Source	Note
<b>Re-used</b>						
1	Bike Frame (triangular)	1	1018 Steel tube	0	Reused MTB	TIG welded
2	Handle-bars (straight)	1	1018 Steel tube	0	Reused MTB	Narrowed to 19 in
3	Stem (pre-extension)	1	1018 Steel	0	Reused MTB	Modified & Extended (TIG)
4	Rear tires	2	Steel and Rubber	0	Esport	Provided by business
<b>Purchased</b>						
4	20 in front-wheel assembly	1	Steel / 6061-T6	31.99	Razer DXT (razor.com)	(hub + cranks + coaster)
5	Titanium pedal extenders, 0.79 in	2	Titanium Alloy	35.99	Amazon	Increases pedal clearance
6	Aluminum flat pedals (pair)	2	6061-T6 / Steel	27.99	Amazon	½-20 thread
7	Handle-bar grips (pair)	2	ABS Plastic	6.98	Amazon	5.2 in length
8	Banana saddle w/ support rails	1	Polyurethane / Carbon Fiber / 1018 Steel	55.99	Amazon	18 x 4.5 in
9	"Full Petal Engineers" Team Jerseys	9	Cotton	52.91	Mrs. Kaliszkeski	S, M, L
<b>Machined</b>						
10	Stem extension (+7 in)	1	1018 Steel	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	1.5 h lathe + 0.5 h weld
11	T-anchor (Seat Security)	1	6061-T6	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	1.5 h 3-axis mill
12	Center tube (rear axle sleeve)	1	4130 Steel	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	0.75 h lathe
13	Rear-axle bushing set (stepped axle + brass)	2	4130 Steel / C360	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	2.0 h lathe + press
14	Brass Spacers	2	C360	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	0.5 h lathe
15	Bushing-to-frame collars	2	1018 Steel	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	0.5 h lathe
16	Fork bearing blocks	2	1018 Steel	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	5 h mill + drill/tap
17	Side stiffener plates	2	1018 Steel plate	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	Included in 5 h weld total
18	Seat support railing	2	1018 Steel tube	0	UL Shop - Mr. Jeff	Braced with screws (Side Plate and Seat)
Total Cost				<b>211.94</b>		

# Potential Impacts



*Figure 20:* FPE Racer Katie

- All money raised during the event is **donated** to **boys' and girls' groups** in the New Iberia area
- The team gained further **experience** in:
  - SolidWorks design
  - Manufacturing and Assembly Process
  - Working with sponsors and meeting customer deadlines and requirements
  - FEA analysis
  - Utilizing kinematic equations to perform necessary calculations

# Acknowledgments

- **Hanna Pellerin:** Event Organizer
  - Aided in answering all team inquiries
- **Capitol Cyclery**
  - Provided information on how tricycles are manufactured
- **Mr. Jeff:** MCHE Lab Professor
  - Guided the team in the Phase 2 process of assembly
  - Aided in manufacturing all necessary parts for the tricycle assembly
- **KATC News**
  - Covering the teams progress over a news segment/article
    - <https://www.katc.com/lafayette-parish/mechanical-engineering-students-at-ul-build-tricycle-for-acadiana-500-race>
- **Raising Canes**
  - Sponsored the team's registration fee: \$250
- **E-Sport Guatemala**
  - Provided rear wheels for tricycle



*Figure 21:* FPE Team after Semi-Final Race

# References

- MatWeb, LLC. *Material Property Data*. MatWeb, [www.matweb.com](http://www.matweb.com). May 2025.
- Acadiana 500 Race Rules. (2024). Acadiana 500 – Official Race Rules. Retrieved from [PDF file]. (Sept. 4, 2024).
- Acadiana 500 Tricycle Race. (2024). Acadiana 500 Tricycle Specification Sheet. Retrieved from [PDF file]. (Sept. 2, 2024).
- Acadiana 500 Race Rules. (2024). Acadiana 500 – Official Race Rules. Retrieved from [PDF file]. (Sept. 1, 2024).
- Brown, D., & Miller, R. (2019). *Engineering principles in bicycle design: Dynamics and material selection*. *International Journal of Mechanical Engineering Education*, 47(3), 222-234.
- Smith, J., & Andrews, L. (2021). *Structural analysis and optimization in tricycle design for durability and performance*. *Journal of Transportation Engineering*, 147(10), 04021118.
- Martin, P., & Nguyen, H. (2020). *Material science considerations in engineering applications: Aluminum and steel in load-bearing frames*. *Materials Science and Engineering*, 557, 89-99.

# Thank you for listening!

## Questions?



*Figure 22: FPE Team after winning Acadiana 500*